

### Interface Module BIN-D

Wall-mounting housing

- In-panel mounting housing
- Plug-in module

### 1. Application

The BIN-D interface component is always used when the number of freely available digital inputs and outputs of an A. Eberle main component is not sufficient.

BIN-D modules can be connected to any A. Eberle main unit using the COM3 interface. In particular, these are:

- REG-D(A)
- PAN-D
- REG-DP(A)
- PQI-D
- EOR-D
- DMR-D

The BIN-D interface card is used as a digital input and output module.

The hardware implementation (digital inputs, relay, and/or LEDs) is controlled through the E feature.

There are two separate methods for the LED control. As standard, the LEDs are linked to the digital inputs or relay. In other words, the LED lights when a relay is triggered or there is a signal at a digital input. With this type of control the colour of all the LEDs can be selected when ordering. The colours available are red, green and orange.

If the BIN-D is used together with a REG-D(A) or a PAN-D, the LEDs can be controlled independently of the relay/digital inputs. The colour of the LED can then also be selected by software.

Each interface card also has its own intelligence ( $\mu$ P). In this way, it is possible to link signals directly to the module. As standard, this property is used for monitoring the communication with the main unit. The control/evaluation of the relay/digital inputs is, however, performed in the main unit.

The programming of the module is performed according to the customer's requirements ex-factory.



The voltage regulator REG-D(A) and the monitoring unit PAN-D enable the direct configuration of the relay/digital inputs of the BIN-D from the menu, the WinREG or the A. Eberle Toolbox. For this purpose the inputs or outputs of the BIN-D are assigned as additional inputs and outputs of the REG-D(A) or PAN-D (COM3 mapping).

### 2. BIN-D Features

- can be combined with any A. Eberle main components (master components)
- 8 freely programmable relay outputs
- 16 freely programmable digital inputs
- up to 16 LEDs, which can either be addressed together with the relay/digital inputs or can optionally be separately controlled\*
- up to 16 BIN-D can be connected per master
- Computing power for quick scanning and/or links "on board"
- Wide-range input for auxiliary voltage
- Fail-Safe mode on communication failure
- all inputs and outputs are galvanically decoupled from each other

\* separate control of the LEDs only possible with the REG-D(A) voltage regulators or PAN-D monitoring unit.

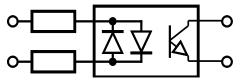
### 3. Technical specifications

#### **Regulations and standards**

- IEC 61010-1 / EN 61010-1
- CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1-92
- IEC 60255-22-1 / EN 60255-22-1
- IEC 61326-1 / EN 61326-1
- IEC 60529 / EN 60529
- IEC 60068-1 / EN 60068-1
- IEC 60688 / EN 60688

Digital Inputs (BI),

- IEC 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-2
- IEC 61000-6-4 / EN 61000-6-4



Simplified diagram of a binary input

CE

Digital Outputs (BO), Characteristics E3, E9x		
max. switching frequency	≤1 Hz	
Potential isolation	Isolated from all device- internal potentials	
Contact load	AC: 250 V, 5 A (cos φ = 1.0)	
	AC: 250 V, 3 A (cos φ = 0.4)	
	Switching capacity max.	
	1250 V A	
	DC: 30 V, 5 A resistive	
	DC: 30 V, 3.5 A L/R=7 ms	
	DC: 110 V, 0.5 A resistive	
	DC: 220 V, 0.3 A resistive	
	Switching capacity max. 150 W	
Inrush current	250 V AC, 30 V DC	
	10 A for max. 4 s	
Switching operations	$\geq 5.10^5$ electrical	

Electrical safety	
Safety class	1
Degree of pollution	2

Operating voltages		
50 V	230 V	
COM3,	Auxiliary voltage, digital	
Digital inputs 1050 V	inputs, relay outputs	
(Characteristics E6, E5x)		

Electromagnetic compatibility		
EMC requirements	EN 61326-1 Equipment class A Continuous, unmonitored operation, industrial lo- cation and EN 61000-6-2 and EN 61000-6-4	
Interference emissions		
Conducted and radiated emission	EN 61326 Table 3 EN 61000-6-4	

Characteristics E2, E4x, E5x, E6, E7x, E8x		
General		
Shape of the curve, permissible	Rectangular, sinusoidal	
Signal frequency	DC, 40 70 Hz	
Potential isolation	Optocoupler; all inputs galvanically isolated from each other	
Debouncing	Software filter with integrated 50 Hz filter	
Characteristics E2, E4	x - Inputs E1 E16	
Control signals U <sub>st</sub>	in the AC/DC range 48 V 250 V	
H - Level L - Level	≥ 48 V < 10 V	
Input resistance	108 kΩ	
Characteristics E6, E5	x - Inputs E1 E16	
Control signals U <sub>st</sub>	in the AC/DC range 10 V 50 V	
H - Level L - Level	≥ 10 V < 5 V	
Input resistance	6.8 kΩ	
Characteristic E7x - In	puts E1 E16	
Control signals U <sub>st</sub>	in the AC/DC range 80 V 250 V	
H - Level	≥ 80 V	
L - Level	< 40 V	
Input resistance	108 kΩ	
Characteristic E8x - In		
Control signals U <sub>st</sub>	in the AC/DC range 190 V 250 V	
H - Level	≥ 176 V	
L - Level	< 88 V	
Input resistance	108 kΩ	



Electromagnetic compatibility		
Harmonic currents	EN 61000-3-2	
Voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3	
Disturbance immunity	EN 61326 Table A1 and EN 61000-6-2	
ESD	IEC 61000-6-5 6kV/8kV contact/air	
Electromagnetic fields	IEC 61000-4-3 80 – 2000 MHz: 10 V/m	
Fast transient	IEC 61000-4-4 4 kV/2 kV	
Surge voltages	IEC 61000-4-5 4 kV/2 kV	

Electromagnetic compatibility		
Conducted HF signals	IEC 61000-4-6 150 kHz – 80 MHz: 10 V	
Power-frequency magnetic fields	IEC 61000-4-8 100 A/m (50 Hz), continuous 1000 A/m (50 Hz), 1 s	
Voltage dips	IEC 61000-4-11 30% / 20 ms, 60% / 1 s	
Voltageinterruptions	IEC 61000-4-11 100% / 5s	
Damped oscillations	IEC 61000-4-12, Class 3, 2.5 kV	

Test voltages	Description	Test voltage / kV	Feedback control loops*
Auxiliary voltage	Uh	2.3	СОМЗ
Auxiliary voltage	U <sub>h</sub>	2.3	BI, BO
Digital inputs	BI	1.5	СОМЗ
Binary outputs	BO	1.5	СОМЗ

\*Counter circuits are always on the module rack's potential All test voltages are AC voltage in kV should be applied for 1 minute.

Auxiliary voltage		
Characteristic	H1	H2
AC		-
Nom. Voltage range	100 240 V	
Total voltage range	90 264 V	
DC	100 300 V	20 70 V
Power consumption AC	≤ 35 VA	-
Power consumption DC	≤ 25 W	≤ 25 W
Nominal frequency	50/60 Hz	-
Microfuse	T1 250 V	T2 250 V
Over voltage category	300V CAT II	150V CAT II
Isolation	reinforced	reinforced
Isolation test voltage	2.3kVAC, 5s	1.4kVAC,
		5s

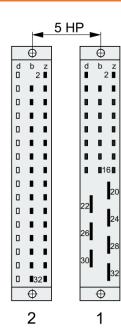
The following applies to all characteristics:

Voltage dips of  $\leq$  25 ms result neither in data loss nor malfunctions.

Ambient conditions	
Temperature range	
Function (Housing) Function (plug-in module) Transport and storage	-10 °C +50 °C -10°C +60 °C -25 °C +65 °C
Dry cold	IEC 60068-2-1, - 10°C / 16 h
Dry heat	IEC 60068-2-2, + 55°C / 16 h
Humid heat constant	IEC 60068-2-78 + 40°C / 93% / 2 days
Humid heat cyclical	IEC 60068-2-30 12+12 h, 6 cycles +55°C / 93%
Drop and topple	IEC 60068-2-31 100 mm drop height, unpackaged
Vibration	IEC 60255-21-1, Class 1
Shock	IEC 60255-21-2, Class 1
Earthquake resistance	IEC 60255-21-3, Class 1

### 4. Mechanical design

Plug-in module	
Front panel	Plastic, RAL 7035 grey on aluminium frame or, when using LEDs, on a circuit board with integrated LEDs
Height	3 U (132.5 mm)
Width	8 HP (40.6 mm)
Printed circuit board	160 mm x 100 mm
Weight	≤ 0.5 kg
Protection type Plug-in module Female multipoint connector	IP 00 IP 00
In-panel mounting	in conformity with DIN 41494 Part 5
Plug-in connector	DIN 41612

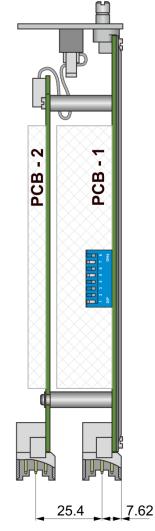


Position of the BIN-D female multipoint connectors

# 4.1 Position of the male or female multipoint connectors

The male multipoint connectors are firmly connected to the device's printed circuit board, meaning that the female multipoint connectors must be mounted in specific positions in the housing or the module rack. A specific position number determines the reference point for the mounting of the guide holders and the connection elements on the back of the module rack/housing.

Position numbers		
Female multipoint connector	1	2
PCB card guide	n	-
Screws	n	n+4



Position of the BIN-D multipole connectors



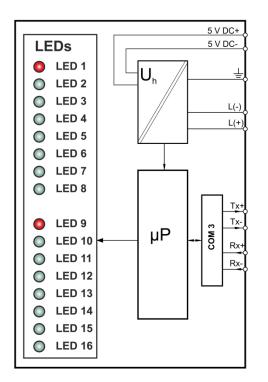
### 4.2 BIN-D pin connections

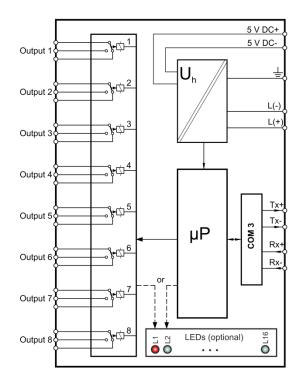
Female multipoint connector 3; (measuring voltage, auxiliary voltage)						
COM3	RX+	(	d2	RX-		b2
	TX+	d4		TX-	b4	
DC output (max. 5 W)	+5V	d12, b	012, z12	GND	d14, b14, z14	
Auxiliary voltage	L(+)	28	N(-)	30	PE	32

Female multipoint connector 2; (digital outputs) Characteristics E3, E9.x							
Freely programmable	R1	Pole	b2	NCC NOC	b4 z2		
Freely programmable	R2	Pole	b6	NCC NOC	b8 z6		
Freely programmable	R3	Pole	b10	NCC NOC	b12 z10		
Freely programmable	R4	Pole	b14	NCC NOC	b16 z14		
Freely programmable	R5	Pole	b18	NCC NOC	b20 z18		
Freely programmable	R6	Pole	b22	NCC NOC	b24 z22		
Freely programmable	R7	Pole	b26	NCC NOC	b28 z26		
Freely programmable	R8	Pole	b30	NCC NOC	b32 z30		

Female multipoint connector 2; (digital inputs) Characteristics E2, E6, E4.x, E5.x, E7.x, E8.x						
Freely programmable	E1	+	b2	-	z2	
Freely programmable	E2	+	b4	-	z4	
Freely programmable	E3	+	b6	-	z6	
Freely programmable	E4	+	b8	-	z8	
Freely programmable	E5	+	b10	-	z10	
Freely programmable	E6	+	b12	-	z12	
Freely programmable	E7	+	b14	-	z14	
Freely programmable	E8	+	b16	-	z16	
Freely programmable	E9	+	b18	-	z18	
Freely programmable	E10	+	b20	-	z20	
Freely programmable	E11	+	b22	-	z22	
Freely programmable	E12	+	b24	-	z24	
Freely programmable	E13	+	b26	-	z26	
Freely programmable	E14	+	b28	-	z28	
Freely programmable	E15	+	b30	-	z30	
Freely programmable	E16	+	b32	-	z32	

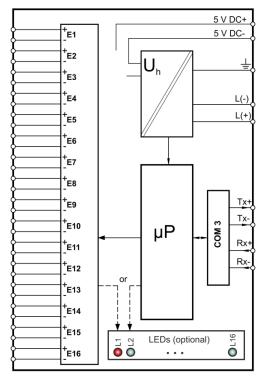
### 5. Block diagrams





#### BIN-D block diagram Characteristics E3, E9x

### BIN-D block diagram Characteristic E1



BIN-D block diagram Characteristics E2, E6, E4x, E5x, E7x, E8x



### 6. Housing technology

A. Eberle is also very flexible with regard to the housing technology. A few of the housing configurations are described below. Most of the housings and module racks come with customer-specific wiring. The terminal configuration can be taken from the system-specific wiring diagrams. Please contact A. Eberle support if you do not have these diagrams (<u>regsys-support@aeberle.de</u>, +49(0)911/628108-101).

### 6.1 In-panel/wall-mounting housing

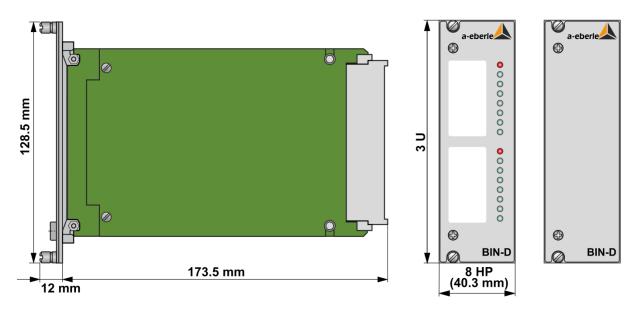
Material	Plastic
Protection type	Front panel IP 65
Weight	≤ 4 kg
Dimensions	see drawings
Housing width	20, 30 or 49 HP

Connection elemen	Number of terminals	
Characteristic B03, (30HP)	Phoenix screw- push terminals	32 * 48 **
Characteristic B03, (20HP)	Phoenix screw- push terminals	48 ***
Characteristic B09, (20HP)	Phoenix screw- push terminals	32 * 48 ** 48 ***
Characteristic B09, (30HP)	Phoenix screw- push terminals	32 * 48 ** 64 ***
Characteristic B09, (49HP)	Phoenix screw- push terminals	64 * 96 ** 96 ***

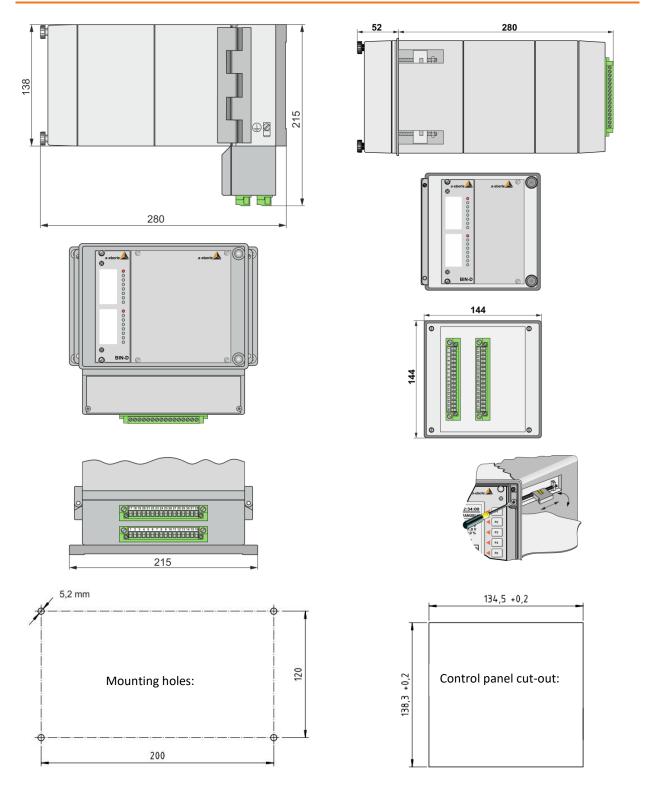
\*max. Number of terminals with WAB with short terminal boxes \*\*max. Number of terminals with WAB with long terminal boxes \*\*\* max. Number of terminals with switch panel housing

The cross-section of each terminal type can be found in Section 6.2.

### 6.2 Illustrations and dimensions of the modules and housings



Plug-in module 8 HP - Characteristic B01



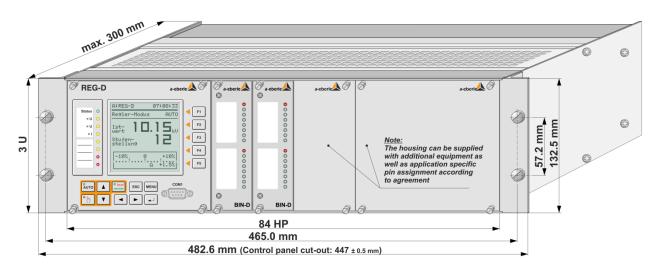
Cross-section of the terminals			
Connector, grid, Conductor cross-section / mm <sup>2</sup>			
application ex.	flexible	solid	
16-pole, 5 mm, BIs, relay	2.5	2.5	

### Plug-in module 30 HP - Characteristic BO2 Dimensions in mm

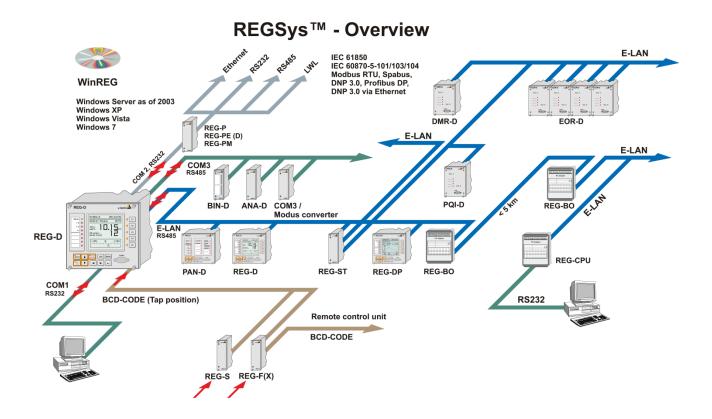
Cross-section of the terminals			
Connector, grid, Conductor cross-section / m			
application ex.	flexible	solid	
16-pole, 5 mm, BIs, relay	2.5	2.5	

Plug-in module 20 HP - Characteristic B03 Dimensions in mm





Module rack 84 HP Front view - Characteristic B01 in 19" voltage control system



### 7. Interfaces and Configuration

### 7.1 Serial interfaces

### COM3 (peripheral interface)

The COM3 interfaces are used for connecting up to 16 interface modules (BIN-D, ANA-D) in any combination to any COM3 master unit (e.g. REG-D). COM3 is a 4-wire RS485 interface. Optionally, the COM3 can be implemented optically outside the housing/rack.

#### **Optical transmitter**

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm] 1)	Pmax [dBm] 1)
Glass-ST	λ = 820 nm	50/125 μm NA=0.2	-19.8	-12.8
		62.5/125 μm NA=0.275	-16.0	-9.0
		100/140 μm NA=0.3	-10.5	-3.5
		200 μm HCS NA=0.37	-6.2	+1.8

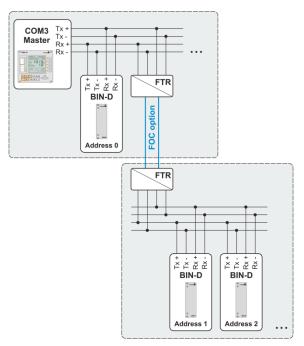
1) TA = 0..70°C, IF = 60 mA, measured after 1 m fibre optic cable

#### **Optical receiver**

Product	Wave length	Fibre	Pmin [dBm] <sub>2)</sub>	Pmax [dBm] <sub>2)</sub>
Glass-ST	λ = 820 nm	100/140 μm NA=0.3	-24.0	-10.8

2) TA = 0...70°C, VCC = 5 V±5%, output level LOW (active)

#### **Example COM3 connection**



### 7.2 Configuration

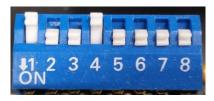
#### Addressing

The assignment of the COM3 address of the BIN-D module is digitally encoded via DIP switches on the BIN-D circuit board 1. The address assignment is arbitrary, but the address must be unique. Addresses in the range 0..15 can be assigned.

DIL 1 (1)	DIL 2 (2)	DIL 3 (4)	DIL 4 (8)	Address
ON	ON	ON	ON	0
OFF	ON	ON	ON	1
ON	OFF	ON	ON	2
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	14
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	15

(x) value of the DIL switch

The following illustration shows the setting for address 9.



#### Fail-Safe Mode (only characteristic E3, E9.x)

A relay watchdog enables the relay of the BIN-D to be switched to a defined state on a communication failure with the master device (min. 2 s no communication). Without the watchdog the relay stays as it was on a communication failure. With a watchdog it is deenergised.

DIP switch 7 = ON -> no watchdog DIP switch 7 = OFF -> watchdog active

#### Simulation of the Relay and LEDs

The simulation for the relays and LEDs can be switched on with DIL switch 8. In this case, the DIL switches 1 to 8 encode the state of the relay/LEDs 1 to 8. So, if DIL switch 1 is OFF, relay 1 is on.

DIP switch 8 = ON -> no simulation DIP switch 8 = OFF -> simulation



## Use of the digital inputs and relays in the master unit (e.g. REG-D)

The BIN-D resources can be addressed from all master devices using the REG-L programming language. I.e. the BIN-D is controlled by a background program.

An exception to this is using a BIN-D with 16 binary inputs, which must be mapped to digital inputs 17..32 of the REG-D(A). This function can be selected with DIL switch 7. Where:

DIP switch 7 = ON -> no transfer to E17..32 DIP switch 7 = OFF -> transfer to E17..32

Furthermore, the voltage regulator REG-D(A) and the monitoring unit PAN-D enable the direct configuration of the relay/digital inputs of the BIN-D from the menu or the WinREG. For this purpose the inputs or outputs of the BIN-D are assigned as additional inputs and outputs of the REG-D(A) or PAN-D. This specifies, for example, that relay 1 of the BIN-D with address 0 is associated with relay 11 of the REG-D. This so-called COM3 mapping is done before delivery by A. Eberle. It can also, however, be performed at any time with the WinREG.

### 8. Order specifications

- Only one unit can be ordered for codes with the same capital letter.
- When a code's capital letter is followed by the number 9, additional information may be required.
- When a code's capital letter is followed only by zeros, the code may be omitted.

CHARACTERISTIC	CODE
	BIN-D
Digital Interface BIN-D (8HP, 3U)	BIN-D
with 8/16 programmable digital channels and COM 3 (RS 485) for communication with the	
central unit (e.g. REG-D or PAN-D)	
Model	
19" plug-in module	B01
Note: If a fibre optic connection for the COM3 is needed, please select the according feature of the	
housing or rack or specify it with additional text on the order	
Power supply	
external AC 100V <u>110V</u> 240V / DC 100V 220V 300V	H1
external DC 20V <u>60V</u> 70V	H2
Digital Inputs or Outputs	
• with 16 signal LEDs	E1
<ul> <li>with 16 inputs (BI) (AC/DC 48V250V)</li> </ul>	E2
• with 16 inputs (BI) (AC/DC 10V50V)	E6
• with 16 inputs and 16 signal LEDs (AC/DC 48V250V), LEDs controlled from BIs	E4
• with 16 inputs and 16 signal LEDs (AC/DC 48V250V), LEDs separately controlled	E41
with 16 inputs and 16 signal LEDs (AC/DC 10V50V), LEDs controlled from BIs	E5
with 16 inputs and 16 signal LEDs (AC/DC 10V20V), LEDs separately controlled	E51
with 16 inputs and 16 signal LEDs (AC/DC 80V250V), LEDs controlled from BIs	E7
with 16 inputs and 16 signal LEDs (AC/DC 80V250V), LEDs separately controlled	E71
with 16 inputs and 16 signal LEDs (AC/DC 190V250V), LEDs controlled from BIs	E8
with 16 inputs and 16 signal LEDs (AC/DC 190V250V), LEDs separately controlled	E81
with 8 relay outputs	E3
	ES E9
<ul> <li>with 8 relay outputs and 8 LEDs, LEDs controlled by relay</li> <li>with 8 relay outputs and 16 LEDs, LEDs controlled separately.</li> </ul>	E9 E91
<ul> <li>with 8 relay outputs and 16 LEDs, LEDs controlled separately</li> </ul>	EJT
Operating instructions	
Derman Derman	G1
English	G2



REG-Sys <sup>™</sup> Accessories		ID-No.		
Rack/Housing:				
Female multipoint connector 1	(Electrical connector block, model F, wire wrap)	582.0197		
Female multipoint connector 1	(Electrical connector block, model F, 2.8 FASTON, 32 pins)	582.0213.01		
Female multipoint connector 1	(Electrical connector block, model F, 2.8 FASTON, 48 pins)	582.0213		
Female multipoint connector 2	(Current input with advanced contacts, 2 pole)	582.0258.10		
Female multipoint connector 4	(Current input with advanced contacts, 6 pole)	582.0258.20		
Female multipoint connector 3	(Mixed connector model F24 + H7, wire wrap)	582.0215		
Female multipoint connector 3	(Mixed connector model F16 + H7, 6.3/2.8 FASTON)	582.0214		
Female multipoint connector 3	(Mixed connector model F24 + H7, 6.3/2.8 FASTON)	582.0217		
Dummy panel 28 HP		566.0028		
Dummy panel 18 HP		566.0018		
Dummy panel 14 HP		566.0014		
Dummy panel 10 HP		566.0010		
Dummy panel 8 HP		566.0008		
Dummy panel 7 HP		566.0007		
Dummy panel 6 HP		566.0006		
Dummy panel 5 HP		566.0005		
Dummy panel 4 HP		566.0004		
Dummy panel 2 HP		566.0002		
Fuses:				
1 pack microfuses T1 L 250 V, 1 A, for auxiliary voltage range H1				
1 pack microfuses T2 L 250 V, 2 A,	for auxiliary voltage range H2	582.1019		

### Notes



Notes	



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