

The operating instructions can be found at [www.a-eberle.de](http://www.a-eberle.de)



# Installation guidelines

## Power Quality Analyser

Model: PQI-DE

- ▶ Fitting
- ▶ Initial commissioning



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## 1. Notes

### 1.1 General information

These installation instructions contain all-important information for mounting and commissioning. Read the manual carefully and completely, it contains important information about the product. Observe the notes and follow the safety and warning instructions in particular. Keep the manual carefully and ensure that it is always available and can be viewed by the user of the product.

The company **A. Eberle GmbH & Co. KG** does not accept any liability for damage or loss of any kind resulting from failure to observe the product information or resulting from printing errors or changes in this installation guidelines The company **A. Eberle GmbH & Co. KG** does not accept any liability for damage or loss of any kind resulting from faulty devices or from devices that have been modified by the user.

### 1.2 Revisions

Please note that these installation instructions may not always represent the most up-to-date information on the device. If, for example, you have changed the firmware of the device in the direction of a later firmware version, the present installation instructions may no longer be suitable in every point.

In this case, either contact us directly or use the latest version of the installation instructions available on our website ([www.a-eberle.de](http://www.a-eberle.de)) and the other documents available for the device.

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Subject to change without notice

### 1.3 Disposal

The disposal of the device is handled by A. Eberle GmbH & Co. KG.

**Send all components to A. Eberle:**

A. Eberle GmbH & Co. KG

Frankenstraße 160

D-90461 Nuremberg



### 1.4 Warranty

We guarantee that every product A. Eberle GmbH & Co KG is free from material and manufacturing defects under normal use.

The detailed conditions for the warranty can be found in our general terms and conditions of business under: <https://www.a-eberle.de/en/general-terms/>

## 2. Safety

### 2.1 Safety Instructions


IT IS IMPORTANT FOR PERSONAL SAFETY TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS. THESE INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE KEPT IN A SAFE PLACE!

- ➔ Observe operating instructions.
- ➔ Always keep the operating instructions with the appliance.
- ➔ Ensure that the machine is only operated in perfect condition.
- ➔ Never open the device.
- ➔ Ensure that only qualified personnel operate the device.
- ➔ Only connect the device according to instructions.
- ➔ Ensure that the device is only operated in its original condition.
- ➔ Only operate the device with recommended accessories.
- ➔ Ensure that the device is not operated above its rated data (See technical data in chapter 5).
- ➔ Ensure that the original accessories are not operated above the rated data.
- ➔ Do not operate the device in environments where explosive gases, dust or vapours are present.

The installation instructions do not represent a complete list of all safety instructions necessary for the operation of the device. Special operating conditions may require further instructions. The installation instructions contain information that you must observe for your personal safety and to prevent damage to property.





### 2.2 Structure of the warnings

Warnings are structured as follows:

 <b>SIGNAL WORD</b>	<b>Nature and source of the danger!</b> Consequences if not observed. ➔ Steps to avoid the danger.
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### 2.3 Graduation of warnings

Warnings differ according to the type of danger as follows:

 <b>DANGER!</b>	Warns of an imminent danger which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
 <b>WARNING!</b>	Warns of a potentially dangerous situation that can result in death or serious injuries when not avoided.
 <b>CAUTION!</b>	Warns of a potentially dangerous situation that can result in fairly serious or minor injuries when not avoided.
<b>NOTICE!</b>	Warns of a potentially dangerous situation that if not avoided could result in material or environmental damage.
	Refers to processes where there is no risk of injury or damage to property, but which must be observed for reliable operation of the device!

## 2.4 Intended use

The product is designed exclusively for the measurement and evaluation of voltage and current signals in the energy network. If the measuring device is used in a way which is not specified by the manufacturer, the protection supported by the device can be severely limited. The device is intended for use for measurement in the low voltage range in CAT IV (300 V) up to a maximum of 690 V (conductor/conductor). Other voltage levels such as medium- or high-voltages must be connected to the instrument via voltage transformers. All technical connection values and rated data must be observed!

The PQI-DE is suitable for the following installation location and should, should only be operated in this environment

- Panel mounting

## 2.5 Other applicable

For the safe and correct use of the device, please also observe the other documents such as the complete operating instructions and the additional documents supplied, as well as the relevant standards and laws.

## 2.6 Target group

These installation instructions are intended for trained specialist staff as well as trained and tested operating personnel. The contents of these installation instructions must be made available to the persons entrusted with the installation and operation of the system. In order to avoid damage to property and personal injury, the qualified personnel must be trained electro technically and have the following knowledge

- Knowledge of national accident prevention regulations
- Knowledge of safety engineering standards
- Knowledge of installation, commissioning and operation

## 2.7 Cleaning

Use a soft, slightly moistened and lint-free towel. Make sure that no moisture penetrates the housing. Do not use window cleaners, household cleaners, sprays, solvents, cleaners containing alcohol, ammonia solutions or scouring agents for cleaning. Please use only water for cleaning.

## 2.8 Meaning of the symbols used on the device



**Nature and source of the danger!** Read the safety instructions inside the manual!



Protection earth of the measuring device



USB-interface



TCP-IP interface



CE marking guarantees compliance with the European directives and regulations regarding Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)



Alternating voltage (AC)



Direct voltage (DC)

## 3. Commissioning

### 3.1 PQI-DE Summary description

The Power Quality Analyser and Fault Recorder PQI-DE for low, medium and high voltage networks is the central component of a system with which all measurement tasks in electrical networks can be solved.

The PQI-DE can be used as a Power Quality Interface according to power quality standards such as IEC61000-2-2 / EN50160 or to check the technical connection guidelines such as DIN VDE AR 4110 and DIN VDE 4120 and many more. Due to the available SCADA interfaces such as Modbus RTU/TCP as well as IEC 61850, the device can also be used as a highly accurate measurement transducer for all physically defined measured variables in 3-phase systems parallel to the continuous recording of measured values over a very long period.

In addition to the possibility of standard evaluations, the PQI-DE also has a high-speed disturbance recorder with a recording rate of 40.96 kHz/10.24 kHz and a 10ms TRMS effective value recorder. This allows a detailed evaluation of grid disturbances.

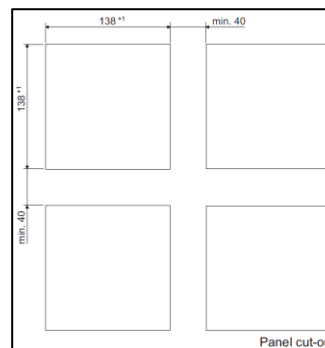
The PQI-DE is equipped with a fifth current input for continuous residual current monitoring (RCM). It is possible to freely program thresholds for alarms or warnings. (from firmware version 2.2)

### 3.1 Scope of Delivery

- PQI-DE
- Installation guideline
- Ethernet cable
- Calibration certificate
- CD WinPQ lite Software with User Manual

## 3.2 Fitting

The PQI-DE is used as a panel-mounted device and fulfils IP54 in the installed condition. Mounting must be carried out with the following cut-outs and minimum distances (see following figure). The maximum thickness of the panel for PQI-DE installation is 8mm.



### NOTICE!

**Material damage due to non-observance of the installation instructions!**

Non-observance of the installation instructions or incorrect installation can damage the device!

- ➡ Pay attention to the audible snapping of the mounting elements

For mounting the PQI-DE, four mounting brackets are included in the scope of delivery. These must be snapped into the housing of the PQI-DE at all four corners (see picture below). The clamps must then be screwed against the panel with a maximum torque of five Nm using an Allen key (2.5 mm) on the back of the PQI-DE to ensure that the PQI-DE is securely mounted in the panel cut-out.!



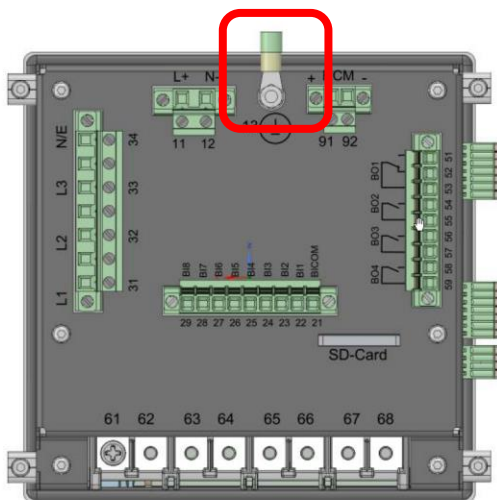
Mounting bracket for PQI-DE



Mounting bracket engaged on PQI-DE

### 3.3 Protection earth

The device has a protective earth, which also serves as reference potential for the voltage inputs.



The protective earth is marked with  and terminal X1 / 13 on the measuring instrument.

Connect the earth cable to terminal X1 / 13 on the meter and tighten the screw. Use an eyelet terminal for the connection and make sure it is tight!

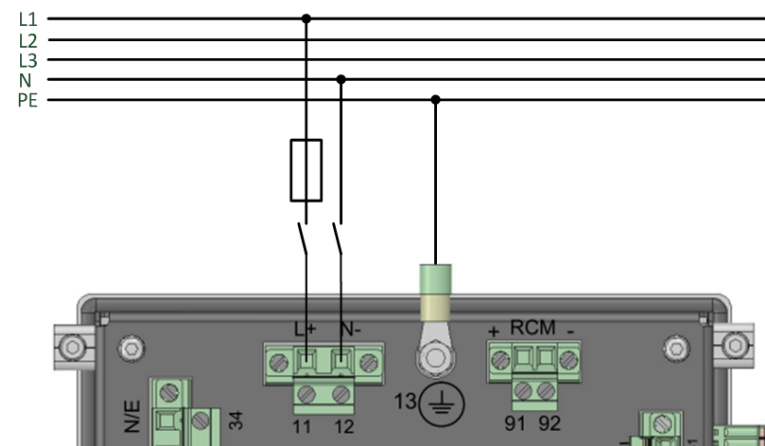
#### **DANGER!** Danger to life due to electric shock!

Incorrect connection of this measuring instrument can lead to death, serious injury or fire hazard!

- ➔ The protective earth must always be connected to PE potential.
- ➔ The protective earth must not carry a dangerous voltage under any circumstances

### 3.4 Supply voltage

The PQI-DE is available in three different supply voltage versions. Please take the correct supply voltage from the type label before connection.



*Example of connection to 230V AC with feature*

After connecting and switching on the power supply, the status LED lights up red, changes to green and the display starts in the commissioning wizard.

#### **DANGER!** Danger to life due to electric shock!

Serious personal injury or death may result from:

- Touching bare or stripped wires that are energised.
- Touching dangerous inputs on the device.
- ➔ Make sure that the device is connected in a de-energized state.
- ➔ Ensure that all connecting cables are fixed and strain relief is provided.
- ➔ All cable requirements of the terminal blocks must be observed. (e.g. stripping length of the cables)

**NOTICE!****Material damage due to non-observance of the connection conditions or impermissible overvoltage!**

Failure to comply with the connection conditions or exceeding the permissible voltage range may damage or destroy your device.

Before applying the supply voltage to the device, the following points must be observed:

- ➡ Voltage and frequency must correspond to the specifications on the type label! Observe the limit values as described in the technical data!
- ➡ Observe features of the device H1 / H2 / H3
- ➡ In the building installation, the supply voltage must be provided by a listed miniature circuit breaker and fuse that meets the requirements of IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-3!
- ➡ The miniature circuit breaker must
  - be easily accessible to the user and installed close to the device.
  - Label for the respective device.
- ➡ Do not take the supply voltage at the voltage transformers.
- ➡ Provide a fuse for the neutral conductor if the neutral connection of the source is not earthed.

### 3.5 Mains connection for PQI-DE

The mains connection of the PQI-DE depends on the type of mains in which the measurement is to be made.

The PQI-DE is designed for direct measurement in low voltage (3 phase / 4 wire connection) for low voltage networks (TN, TT and IT networks) or for residential and industrial applications. A special form of low voltage measurement is the measurement 4-wire / 1 phase connection with which three independent voltage circuits and current circuits can be measured with the same ground conditions.

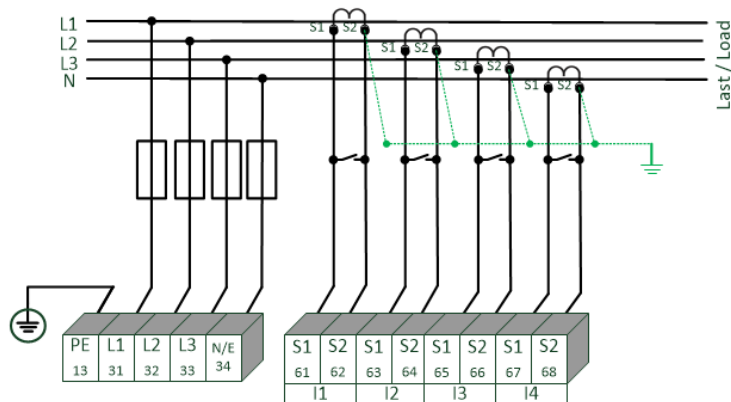
For medium and high voltage the device can be connected via suitable transformers. A connection with three voltage and current transformers is possible as well as the connection via transformer saving circuits (V-circuit, Aron circuit).

In addition, current measurements with small signal inputs are possible with the corresponding sensor transformers (hardware features C40, C44 and C45).

**WARNING!****Personal injury and damage to property due to non-observance of the safety regulations**

- ➡ Before making any connections, please read this manual thoroughly and follow the safety measures described here.

### 3.5.1 3-phase / 4-wire connection



*Example of a connection for a PQI-DE in a three-phase four-wire system*

#### ► Voltage connections

The voltage connections must be made as shown in the circuit diagram above

- If no N conductor connection is available, connect connections E and N together.
- Make sure that the switching mode (4-wire) is set (settings are described in chapter 4.3).

#### ► Current connections

The PQI-DE is designed for measuring circuits (C30) or protection circuits (C31) depending on the characteristics.

The current transformer ratio is set at the factory to nominal current (e.g. 5A) depending on the feature and must be adapted to the transformers used. With feature C30 / C31 only alternating currents, no DC currents can be measured. Furthermore features C40, C44 and C45 offer the possibility to connect Rogowski coils, mini current clamps and DC current clamps to the measuring instrument. This makes it possible to connect the measuring device without disconnecting the current transformer or consumer circuits. The corresponding converters can be obtained from A.Eberle. The connection of converters of other manufacturers is possible as long as the described connection conditions (input range, impedance) are observed.

#### ⚠ DANGER!

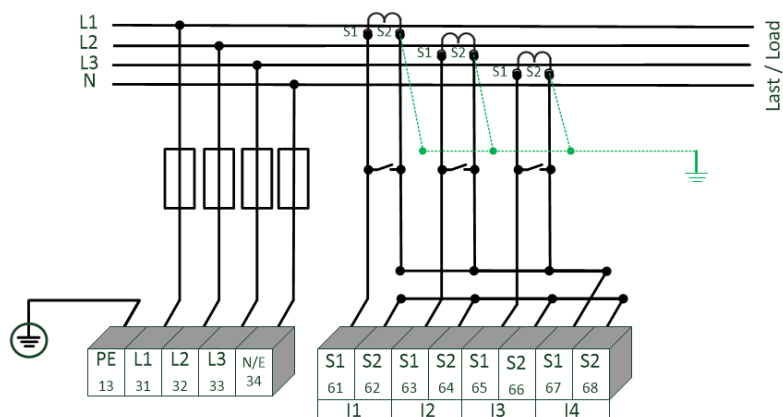
**Danger to life due to electric shock!**

Attention dangerous contact voltage!

Flashover and high short-circuit currents possible in CAT III and CAT IV!

- ➡ Ensure that the PE conductor (earthing) is connected to the PQI-DE.
- ➡ Before starting work, check that no voltage is present!
- ➡ Provide protective equipment for CAT II, CAT III or CAT IV.
- ➡ High-load fuses >10 kA or >50 kA must be used in accordance with the CAT.
- ➡ Short-circuit current transformers before starting work.
- ➡ Ensure that all connecting cables are fixed and strain-relieved.
- ➡ All cable requirements of the terminal blocks must be observed (e.g. stripping length of the cables).

### 3.5.2 3-Phase / 4-wire connection without neutral current



PQI-DE without neutral conductor Current transformer in 4-wire connection

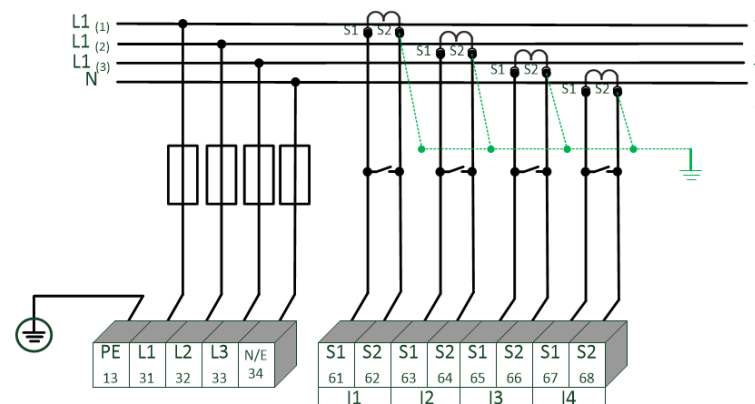
#### ► Voltage connections

- If no N conductor connection is available, connect connections E and N together.
- Make sure that the switching mode (4-wire) is set (settings are described in chapter 4.3).

#### ► Current connections

- If no neutral conductor current is available in the 3-phase / 4-wire network, the S2 current inputs of the PQI-DE must all be short-circuited and the S2 terminals of the current transformers used must be connected to S1 (terminal X6:67).
- The PQI-DE is designed for measuring circuits (C30) or protection circuits (C31) depending on the characteristics.

### 3.5.3 4-wire / 1-phase



PQI-DE in 4-wire connection / 1-phase

In the 4-wire network, 1-phase circuit type, no wire-conductor events and three-phase network events are evaluated. Voltages with the same earth potential can be connected (e.g. three networks with phase L1) and any currents can be connected.



**DANGER!**

**Danger to life due to electric shock!**

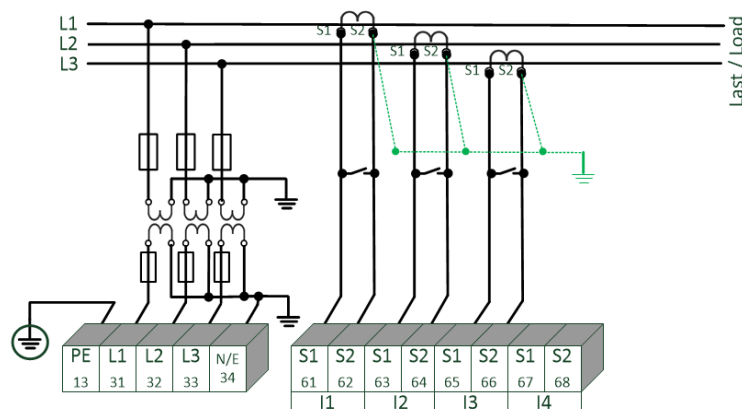
Attention dangerous contact voltage!

Flashover and high short-circuit currents possible in CAT III and CAT IV!

- ➡ Ensure that the PE conductor (earthing) is connected to the PQI-DE.
- ➡ Before starting work, check that no voltage is present!
- ➡ Provide protective equipment for CAT II, CAT III or CAT IV.
- ➡ High-load fuses >10 kA or >50 kA must be used in accordance with the CAT.
- ➡ Short-circuit current transformers before starting work.
- ➡ Ensure that all connecting cables are fixed and strain-relieved.
- ➡ All cable requirements of the terminal blocks must be observed (e.g. stripping length of the cables).

## 3.5.4 3-phase / 3-wire connection

### 3.5.4.1 Connection transformer for feature E1 & E2



*PQI-DE in 3-wire connection for medium and high-voltage via transformer*

#### ► Voltage connections

- Make sure that the measuring cable N / E is connected to terminal 34 for each measurement. This is usually the earthing point of the voltage transformer.
- Ensure that the switching mode (3-wire) is set (settings are described in chapter 4.3). Set the voltage transformation ratio
- Enter the nominal voltage of the conductor-conductor voltage.

#### ► Current connections

- Set current transformer ratio.

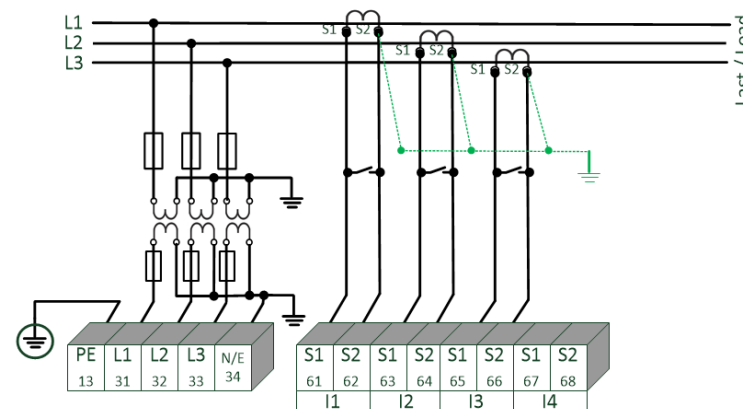
#### Connection PQI-DE current $I_N$ in 3-wire network

If a current is connected to input  $I_N$  in the 3-wire network, it is not physically measured. The current  $I_N$  is always calculated in 3-wire operation.

#### transducer settings

The transducer settings are set in the assistant in the chapter "Parametrization" (see User Manual).

### 3.5.4.2 Connection to voltage sensors for feature E3



*PQI-DE in 3-wire connection for medium and high-voltage via voltage sensors*

#### ► Voltage connections

- Ensure that terminals 37 & 38 (N/E) are short-circuited for each measurement.
- Ensure that the shielding of the voltage sensors is grounded on both sides. Set the voltage transformation ratio.



**Ground loops must be avoided! If there is a potential difference, only one side of the shielding must be grounded!**

- Ensure that the switching mode (3-wire) is set (settings are described in chapter 4.3). Set the voltage transformation ratio.
- Enter the nominal voltage of the conductor-conductor voltage.

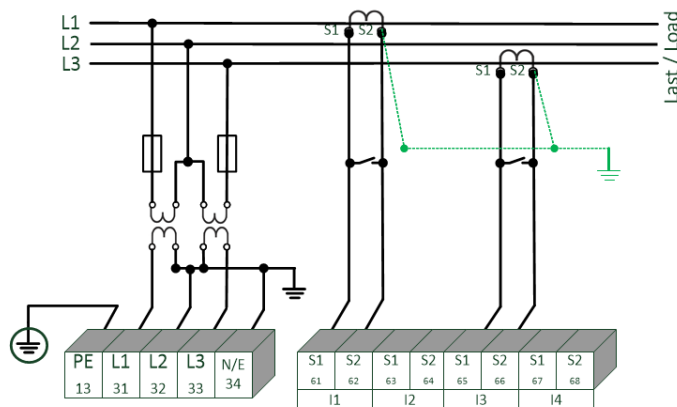
#### ► Current connections

- Set current transformer ratio.

#### Connection PQI-DE current $I_N$ in 3-wire network

If a current is connected to input  $I_N$  in the 3-wire network, it is not physically measured. The current  $I_N$  is always calculated in 3-wire operation.

### 3.5.4.3 Aron / V circuit



Information on the parameterization of the Aron / V circuit can be found in the user manual!



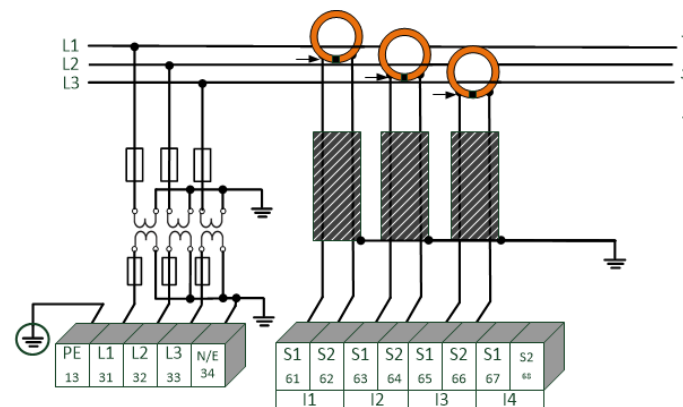
#### **DANGER!** Danger to life due to electric shock!

Attention dangerous contact voltage!

Flashover and high short-circuit currents possible in CAT III and CAT IV!

- Ensure that the PE conductor (earthing) is connected to the PQI-DE.
- Before starting work, check that no voltage is present!
- Provide protective equipment for CAT II, CAT III or CAT IV.
- High-load fuses >10 kA or >50 kA must be used in accordance with the CAT.
- Short-circuit current transformers before starting work.
- Ensure that all connecting cables are fixed and strain-relieved.
- All cable requirements of the terminal blocks must be observed (e.g. stripping length of the cables).

### 3.5.5 Current sensor inputs– Feature C40 / C44 / C45



*Example of PQI-DE connection with Rogowski coils in a 3-wire network*

#### **Connection PQI-DE sensor inputs**

The shielding of the converters used must be earthed in order to minimize stray influences! In the case of permanently installed converters, the screen should also be earthed on the converter side if possible. If the ground potential difference between converter side and device is significant, the screen on the converter side can also be grounded capacitively (e.g. 1  $\mu$ F/250 V/X2).



#### ► **Feature C40: - Rogowski**

The input is calibrated to 85 mV/A. When using other transducer factors, the transducer factor ratio must be set correctly. The settings can easily be made during the initial commissioning (see chapter 4.3)

#### **Parameterisation**



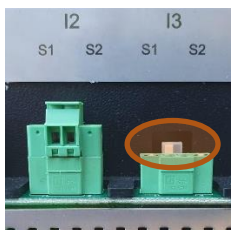
Feature C40: The input is calibrated to 85mV/A. When using other converter factors, the converter factor ratio must be set correctly.

### Toggle switch (un)balanced connection



By means of the toggle switches behind the current terminals the potential separation of the small signal inputs can be adjusted:

- To the left: Balanced
- To the right: Unbalanced



Connection of the rogowski-coils:

black	S1 (+)
red	S2 (-)
shield	PE

### WARNING!

**Personal injury and damage to property due to non-observance of the safety regulations**

The current small signal measuring inputs are symmetrical and not galvanically isolated from earth! The inputs offer no protective separation function with regard to electrical safety!

- ➡ The protection functions must be completely provided in the external converters.
- ➡ The converter outputs must be balanced and potential-free!

### DANGER!

**Danger to life due to electric shock!**

Attention dangerous contact voltage!

Flashover and high short-circuit currents possible in CAT III and CAT IV!

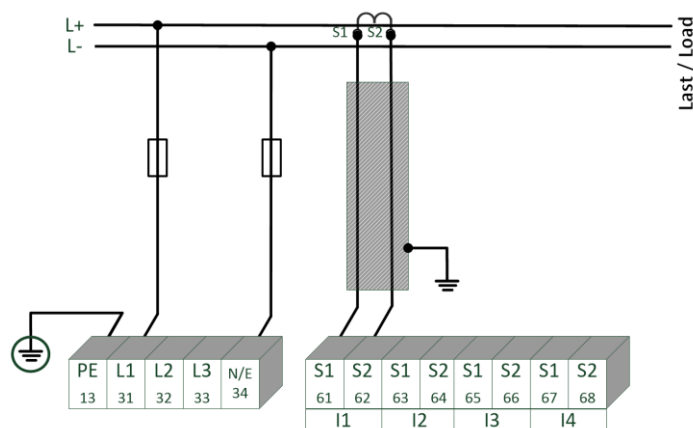
- ➡ Ensure that the PE conductor (earthing) is connected to the PQI-DE.
- ➡ Before starting work, check that no voltage is present!
- ➡ Provide protective equipment for CAT II, CAT III or CAT IV.
- ➡ High-load fuses >10 kA or >50 kA must be used in accordance with the CAT.
- ➡ Short-circuit current transformers before starting work.
- ➡ Ensure that all connecting cables are fixed and strain-relieved.
- ➡ All cable requirements of the terminal blocks must be observed (e.g. stripping length of the cables).

### 3.5.6 DC-mains connection (Feature C44 / C45)

It is generally possible to use the PQI-DE also in DC systems under the following conditions.

For DC voltage measurement, a difference must be made between symmetrically earthed and solidly earthed systems.

- For IT systems with high-impedance centre grounding, the device is designed for measurements up to  $\pm 600$  V, with more than  $\pm 300$  V an overvoltage protection is required to comply with the CAT III 600 V.
- For TN-S system, the device is designed for measurement up to 600 V.



*Example connection PQI-DE with current transformer with small signal output (e.g. 4 V)*

Depending on the feature, the device is suitable for direct acting current transformers (e.g. open-loop Hall Effect current transformers) with an analogue output voltage up to  $\pm 5.6$  V (typically  $\pm 4$  V or  $\pm 1$  V). The measurable bandwidth on the device is DC...20 kHz. Shielding of the signal lines is recommended, but not absolutely necessary.



#### Parameter

The parameters 4-wire connection and 3-wire connection are valid for current measurement with C4X features as well as for C3X features.



**DANGER!**

**Danger to life due to electric shock!**

Attention dangerous contact voltage!

Flashover and high short-circuit currents possible in CAT III and CAT IV!

- ➔ Ensure that the PE conductor (earthing) is connected to the PQI-DE.
- ➔ Before starting work, check that no voltage is present!
- ➔ Provide protective equipment for CAT II, CAT III or CAT IV.
- ➔ High-load fuses >10 kA or >50 kA must be used in accordance with the CAT.
- ➔ Short-circuit current transformers before starting work.
- ➔ Ensure that all connecting cables are fixed and strain-relieved.
- ➔ All cable requirements of the terminal blocks must be observed (e.g. stripping length of the cables).



**WARNING!**

**Personal injury and damage to property due to non-observance of the safety regulations**

The current small signal measuring inputs are symmetrical and not galvanically isolated from earth! The inputs offer no protective separation function with regard to electrical safety!

- ➔ The protection functions must be completely provided in the external converters.
- ➔ The converter outputs must be balanced and potential-free!

## 4. Operation of the PQI-DE

### 4.1 Getting started

When the power analyser PQI-DE is put into operation for the first time, the instrument will appear in a guided "Wizard" mode. The operator is automatically guided through the initial commissioning of the instrument. This Wizard **must** be performed once after the PQ meter has been fully connected.



It is recommended to perform the wizard only after all wiring has been completed so that no incorrect measurement data is recorded due to the absence of measurement voltage, currents or parameters that have not been entered.



Since firmware version 2.0 the recording of the measurement data is only started after the complete completion of the wizard!

### 4.2 Initial Setup - Operation of the Assistant

The following actions can be performed using the navigation cross on the PQI-DE:



▶ **Arrow key right / down:**

Continue in wizard

▶ **Arrow key left / up:**

Back in wizard

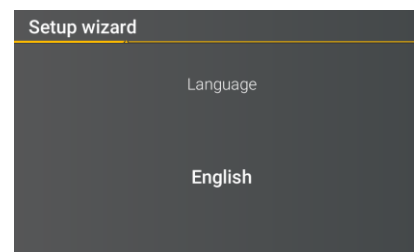
▶ **Enter key :**



Changing parameters

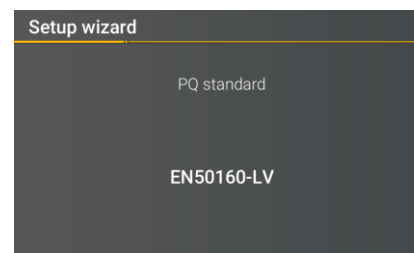
## 4.3 First commissioning - wizard - procedure

### 4.3.1 Wizard setting Language




● Selection of display language PQI-DE

### 4.3.2 Wizard setting Power Quality standard

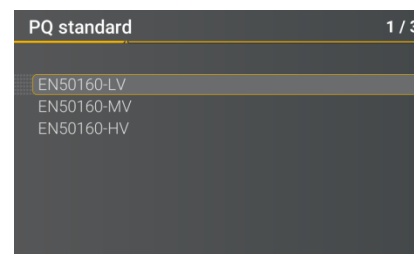


● Selection of the Power Quality standard



Press the key  to switch between the following PQ standards.

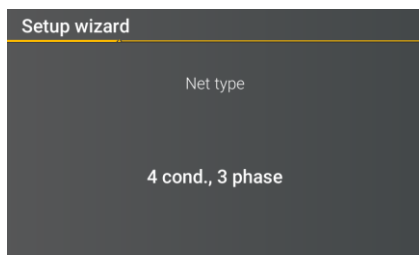
- Low-voltage grid – TN system  
=> EN50160-LV
- Low-voltage grid – IT system  
=> EN50160-LV-IT
- Medium-voltage grid  
=> EN50160-MV
- High-voltage grid  
=> EN50160-HV



Automatic basic settings and limit values for the following voltage level according to EN50160:

The selection of the voltage level has an influence on which measures should be recorded, on the thresholds and also at the IEC61850 Interface which data can be used at IEC61850 Interface.

### 4.3.3 Wizard setting Net type



Basic settings / network connection PQI-DE



The net type form cannot be edited if the PQ standard EN50160-LV-IT or EN50160-MV/HV is selected!

► **For more information about the network connection, see Chapter Hardware connection**

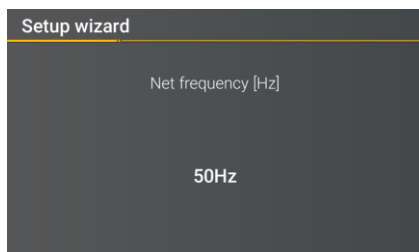
- **Net Type:**

Entering the grid type "3-conductor grid", "4-conductor grid" and/or "4 x 1 conductor grid" will determine how the Power Quality events are recorded.

Switch between 3-conductor and 4-conductor grids.

- In a 3-conductor grid, all events are calculated from the line-line voltages.
- In a 4-conductor grid and/or a 4 x 1 conductor grid all Power Quality events are determined from the line-earth voltages.

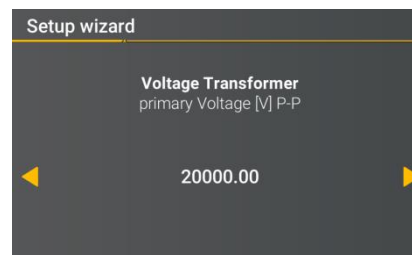
### 4.3.4 Wizard setting Net frequency



- **Grid frequency**

Setting grid frequency to 50Hz or 60Hz.

### 4.3.5 Wizard setting Voltage Transformer



- **Primary Voltage:**

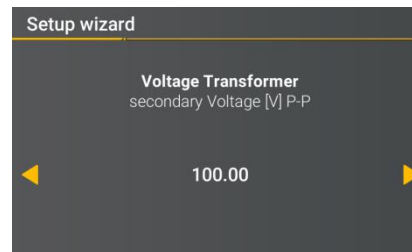
Corresponds to the primary rated voltage of the voltage transformer.

- **Sec. Voltage:**

Corresponds to the secondary rated voltage of the voltage transformer.



The voltage transformer factor is calculated automatically!



If Power Quality standard for low voltage network (EN50160-LV & EN50160-LV-IT) is selected, the page voltage transformer is skipped, because the device can cover the complete range without transformer settings. Therefore, no input is necessary, as no voltage transformer factor has to be calculated.

### 4.3.6 Wizard setting Voltage Grid



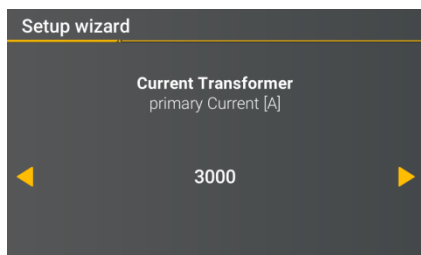
- **Reference voltage in low voltage**

Setting the reference voltage in the low voltage – TN system as conductor-earth voltage in volts and in the low voltage – IT system or medium and high voltage as conductor-conductor voltage in volts.



The non-editable parameters are calculated automatically.

### 4.3.7 Wizard setting Current Transformer



- **Primary Current:**

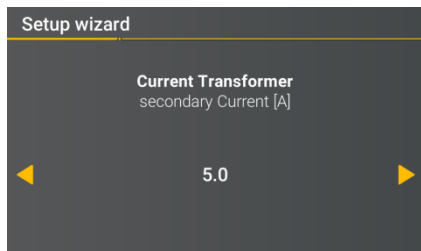
Primary nominal current of the connected current transformer.

- **Sec. Current:**

Secondary nominal current of the connected current transformer.

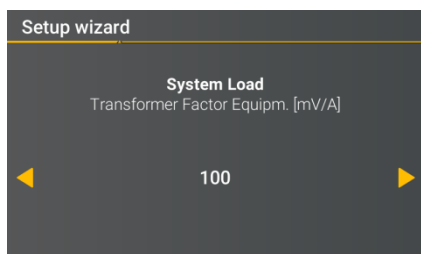


The voltage transformer factor is calculated automatically!




The page is hidden for PQI-DE with the features C40 (current inputs Rogowski) and C44/C45 (current inputs current clamps).

### 4.3.8 Wizard setting Transformer Factor Equipment



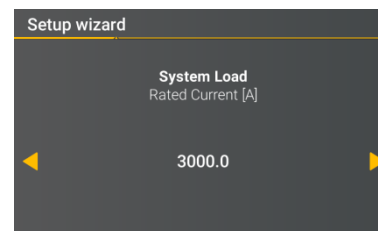
- **Transformer Factor Equipm.:**

Setting the transformer factor of Rogowski coils connected to the current input.



The page is hidden for PQI-DE with the features C30 and C31.

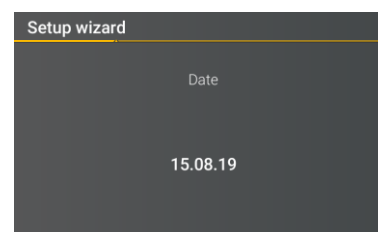
### 4.3.9 Wizard setting Rated Current

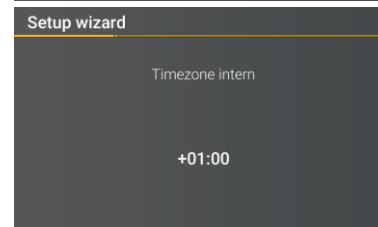


- **Rated Current:**

Setting the nominal current of the system.

### 4.3.10 Wizard setting Date, Time and Timezone



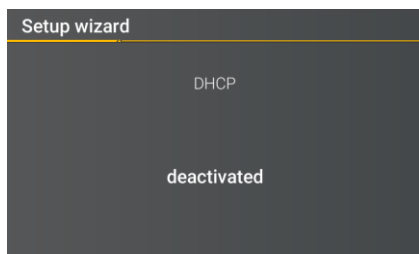


Manual entry of date and time as local time. Furthermore the local time zone must be entered and if the device should calculate the changeover for summer / winter time by its own



In the factory setting, the device is set to time zone UTC+1 with automatic winter time changeover. The time zone and summer/winter time changeover must be adapted to local conditions. According to IEC61000-4-30, an external synchronization source such as NTP / DCF77 / GPS is required.

### 4.3.11 Wizard setting Interface



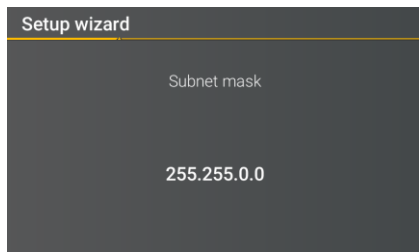
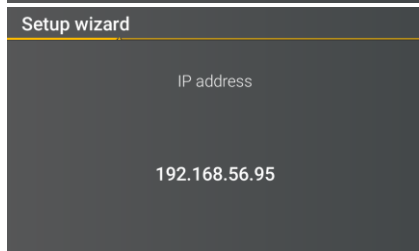
- DHCP:

**DHCP deactivated:** The device is used with a fixed IP address which have to be parameterized in the next step

**DHCP activated:** The device gets its IP-Address direct from a DHCP Server, which has to be reachable!

- IP address:

Entry of a fixed IP address as specified by IT

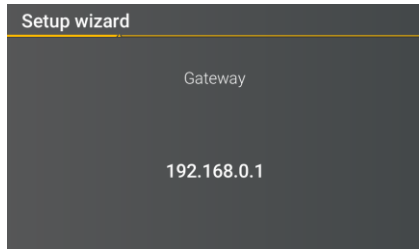


- Subnet mask:

Entering the subnet mask

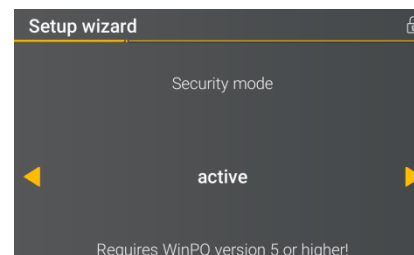
- Gateway:

Entering a gateway



In the factory setting, the PQI-DE is factory pre-set with the IP address 192.168.56.95 and the subnet mask 255.255.0.0.

### 4.3.12 Wizard setting Security Mode



In any case, make a note of the serial number of your measuring instrument!



When the SD card is inserted, an identification file with the required certificates for the recognition of the device is stored in the root directory of the SD card when the device is restarted



The separate security documentation for administrators describes all security-relevant system settings for setting up and operating the device and the entire PQ system (requirement of the BDEW Whitepaper).

- Security Mode

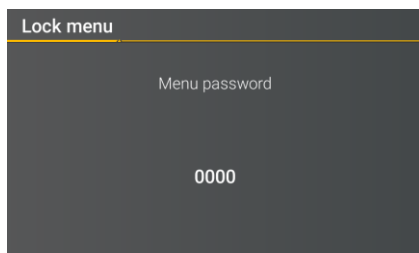
#### Active: high security mode

The device is set up in security mode. Communication is encrypted and device access is protected. The completion of the commissioning in security mode requires the setup of the necessary user accounts and must be completed with the software WinPQ or WinPQ lite with version 5.0 or higher. All details on encryption technology etc. are described in the security documentation.

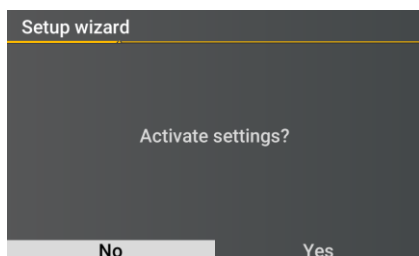
#### Inactive compatible mode

The installation of devices in compatibility mode results in a non IT-secure operation of the measuring device, if no other measures for the encryption of the connection are available in the used network (e.g. VPN solutions with encryption / disconnected network or similar), because neither the communication between WinPQ software and the PQ device is encrypted nor the device access is protected. This mode is intended for compatibility with WinPQ systems smaller than version 5 and systems with WinPQ versions 5 or higher should be operated in high security mode.

In the active security mode it is recommended to password the display in addition to the encryption.



### 4.3.13 Wizard End of commissioning



- **Accept settings:**

At this point all settings for the device can be accepted or the setup wizard can be cancelled.

If the wizard is aborted, the wizard will appear again and again each time the device is restarted because the necessary basic settings have not been made.

With the confirmation "Yes".

- restarts the device,
- the device accepts all changes,
- the device deletes all old measurement data in the device memory,
- many parameters are reset to factory settings.

The measurement campaign is started after the restart, all recorders are active.

## 5. Technical Data

### 5.1 Dimensions / Weight

Dimensions / Weight	
L x B x H	144 x 90 mm without terminals 144 x 150 x 110 mm with terminals
Outbreak size:	138 x 138 mm (+0.8mm)
eight	1220g

### 5.2 Electrical safety – environmental parameter

Environmental parameters	Storage and transport	Operation
Ambient temperature : Limit range of operation	IEC 60721-3-1 / 1K5 -40 ... +70°C IEC 60721-3-2 / 2K4 -40 ... +70°C	IEC 61010 H1: -25 ... +45°C H2/H3: -25 ... +50°C
Ambient temperature : Rated range of operation H1 Rated range of operation H2/H3	---	IEC DIN EN 61010 -25 ... +45°C -25 ... +50°C
Relative humidity: 24h average No condensation or ice	5...95 %	5...95 %
Solar radiations	---	700 W/m <sup>2</sup>

Vibration, earth tremors	IEC 60721-3-1 / 1M1 IEC 60721-3-2 / 2M1	IEC 60721-3-3 / 3M1
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### 5.3 Power supply for PQI-DE

Power supply			
Feature	H1	H2	H3
AC Nominal range	100...240 V	-	-
AC Operating range	90...264 V	-	-
DC Nominal range	120...320 V	24...60 V	48...138 V
DC Operating range	108...350 V	18...75 V	40...160 V
Power consumption	≤ 10 W < 20 VA	≤ 10 W	≤ 10 W
Frequency Nominal	50...60 Hz	DC	DC
Frequency Operating	40...70 Hz	DC	DC
External fuse characteristics	6 A B	6 A B	6 A B
Energy storage	2 sec	2 sec	2 sec

### 5.4 Voltage Inputs

Voltage inputs			
Feature	E1	E2	E3
Channels	U <sub>1</sub> , U <sub>2</sub> , U <sub>3</sub> , U <sub>N/E/4</sub>		
Electrical safety DIN EN 61010	300 V CAT IV 600 V CAT III		
Input reference level	PE	PE	PE
Impedance -> PE	2 MΩ    25pF	10 MΩ    25pF	2 MΩ    25pF
Nominal input voltage Un	100 V <sub>AC</sub>	230 V <sub>AC</sub>	3,25 V <sub>AC</sub>
Full scale range (FSR)	0...120 V <sub>AC</sub> L-E	0...480 V <sub>AC</sub> L-E	0...5 V <sub>AC</sub> L-E
Waveform	Any AC / DC	Any AC / DC	Any AC / DC
Maximum crest factor @ Un	3		
Bandwidth	DC...20 kHz		
Nominal power frequency fn	50 Hz / 60 Hz		
Frequency range of the fundamental	f <sub>N</sub> ± 15 % 42.5...50..57.5 Hz 51.0...60..69.0 Hz		

## 5.5 Current Inputs

Current inputs		
Option	C30	C31
Channels	I1, I2, I3, IN/4	
Electrical safety IEC 61010-1:2010	300 V CAT III	
Input type	Differential, isolated	
Impedance	≤ 4mΩ	
Nominal input current I <sub>N</sub>	1 A AC / 5 A AC	
Full scale range (FSR)	10A <sub>AC</sub>	100A <sub>AC</sub>
Overload capacity permanent ≤ 10 sec ≤ 1 sec	20 A 100 A 500 A	
Waveform	AC, any	
Maximum crest factor @ I <sub>N</sub>	4	
Bandwidth	25 Hz...20 kHz	

### Current inputs (Rogowski coil) – Feature C40

Option	C40
Channels	I1, I2, I3, IN/4
Impedance	1 MΩ
Input range	0.35 V <sub>AC</sub>
Bandwidth	DC...20 kHz
AC Requirements	galvanic isolated

Current inputs (current clamps)		
Feature	C44	C45
Channels	I1, I2, I3, IN/4	
Impedance	1 MΩ	1 MΩ
Input range	0.5 V <sub>AC</sub>	4 V <sub>DC</sub>
Bandwidth	DC...20 kHz	
AC Requirements	galvanic isolated	

### Residual current monitor (RCM) – from firmware version 2.2)

Nominal current	30 mA
Impedance	4 Ω
Overload capacity	5 A (1 seconds)
Resolution	24bit-ADC

## 5.6 Binary inputs

Binary inputs (BI)		
Feature	M1	M2
8 binary inputs	0 V...250 V <sub>AC</sub>	0 V...48 V <sub>DC</sub>
Range	/V <sub>DC</sub>	
<div> <div></div> H – Level         </div> <div> <div></div> L – Level         </div>	> 35 V < 20 V	> 10V < 5V
Signal frequency	DC ... 70 Hz	DC ... 70 Hz
Input resistance	> 100 kΩ	6.8 kΩ
Electrical isolation	Optocoupler, electrically isolated	
Electrical safety DIN EN 61010	300 V	

## 5.7 Binary outputs

Binary outputs (BO)	
4 binary outputs	3 x closer 1 x changeover
Contact specification (EN60947-4-1, -5-1) : Configuration Nominal voltage Nominal current Nominal load AC1 Nominal load AC15, 230VAC Interrupting power DC1, 30/110/220 V	3 x SPST (Single Pole Single Throw) 1 x SPDT (Single Pole Double Throw) 250 VAC 6 A 1500 VA 300 VA 6/0.2/0.12 A
Number of switching operations AC1	≥ 60·10 <sup>3</sup> electrical
Electrical Isolation	Isolated from all internal potentials
Electrical safety DIN EN 61010	300 V

## 5.8 Temperature Input

Temperature input PT100 / PT1000 / KTY – (from firmware version 2.2)	
Contacting measure- ment sensor (software setting)	2 wire
	3 wire
	4 wire
Update rate	1 Hz
Resolution	15 Bit
Burden	1.9 kΩ
Accuracy	0.05% FSR

### Electromagnetic Compatibility

#### Immunity

- IEC 61000-6-5, Environment H

#### Emissions

- CISPR22 (EN 55022) , Class A

## 5.9 Electrical safety

Electrical safety	
— IEC 61010-1	
— IEC 61010-2-030	
Protection class	1
Pollution degree	2
Overvoltage category mains supply option : H1 H2/ H3	300 V / CAT II 150 V / CAT III
Measurement category	300 V / CAT IV 600 V / CAT III
Altitude	≤ 2000m
IP protection class in installed condition	IP54

## 5.10 Connection / terminals

Please observe the safety guidelines in chapter 3 Commissioning!

Terminal strip no.	Designation	Function	Terminal no.	cross section [mm²]	Stripping length [mm]	Torque [Nm]
X1	Auxiliary voltage	L (+)	11	0.2 ... 2.5	10	0,5 ... 0,6
		N (-)	12	0.2 ... 2.5	10	0.5 ... 0.6
	Ground	PE	13	ring terminals M4	-	0.5 ... 0.6
X2	BICOM	-	21	solid: 0.2 ... 1.5 flexible: 0.2 ... 2.5	10	0.5 ... 0.6
	BI1	+	22		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	BI2	+	23		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	BI3	+	24		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	BI4	+	25		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	BI5	+	26		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	BI6	+	27		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	BI7	+	28		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	BI8	+	29		10	0.5 ... 0.6
X3	U <sub>1</sub>	L1	31	0.2 ... 2.5	10	0.5 ... 0.6
	U <sub>2</sub>	L2	32		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	U <sub>3</sub>	L3	33		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	U <sub>4</sub>	N/E	34		10	0.5 ... 0.6
X4	T1	RTDOUT+	41	0.14 ... 0.5	10	0.5 ... 0.6
		RTDIN+	42		10	0.5 ... 0.6
		RTDIN-	43		10	0.5 ... 0.6
		RTDOUT-	44		10	0.5 ... 0.6
X5	R1	NO	51	solid: 0.2 ... 1.5 flexible: 0.2 ... 2.5	10	0.5 ... 0.6
		NC	52		10	0.5 ... 0.6

Terminal strip no.	Designation	Function	Terminal no.	cross section [mm²]	Stripping length [mm]	Torque [Nm]
X5	R1	COM	53	solid: 0.2 ... 1.5 flexible: 0.2 ... 2.5	10	0.5 ... 0.6
	R2	NO (+)	54		10	0.5 ... 0.6
		Pol (-)	55		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	R3	NO (+)	56		10	0.5 ... 0.6
		Pol (-)	57		10	0.5 ... 0.6
	R4	NO (+)	58		10	0.5 ... 0.6
		Pol (-)	59		10	0.5 ... 0.6
X6	I1	S1 (K) S2 (L)	61 62	1.5 – 4 mm²		0.5 ... 0.8
	I2	S1 (K) S2 (L)	63 64			0.5 ... 0.8
	I3	S1 (K) S2 (L)	65 66			0.5 ... 0.8
	I4	S1 (K) S2 (L)	67 68			0.5 ... 0.8
	I5	+	91		10	0.5 ... 0.6
X9		-	92	flexible: 0.2 ... 2.5	10	0.5 ... 0.6



Connection cables to be used

- Provide safety devices (fuse) for CAT II.
- Do not mix touchable and dangerous active circuits.
- Connection cables must be designed for a temperature of at least 62°C.



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